

GENERAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS

D. Tiering of MIPs

Except for Small Customers, the Market Area or the Field Area MIP is tiered based upon the monthly imbalance level of the legal entity, in accordance with the following schedule:

Imbalance Level*	Due Northern	Due Shipper
0% - 3%	HIGH MIP * 1.00	LOW MIP * 1.00
Greater than 3% up to 5%	HIGH MIP * 1.02	LOW MIP * 0.98
Greater than 5% up to 10%	HIGH MIP * 1.10	LOW MIP * 0.90
Greater than 10% up to 15%	HIGH MIP * 1.20	LOW MIP * 0.80
Greater than 15% up to 20%	HIGH MIP * 1.30	LOW MIP * 0.70
Greater than 20%	HIGH MIP * 1.40	LOW MIP * 0.60

*The imbalance level is determined by dividing the legal entity's monthly Volumetric Imbalance by its monthly deliveries. Such monthly deliveries shall exclude Shipper's deliveries under MPS agreements, solely for purposes of calculating Shipper's transportation imbalances percentage.

For any legal entity listed as a Small Customer on Sheet No. 510 of this Tariff, tiering shall be as set forth above, except the imbalance level and associated valuation applicable for the first tier of MIP * 1.00 is equal to the greater of 1,000 MMBtu or 3%.

The tier valuation factors listed above will be applied to the portion of the imbalance level which falls within each tier.

Delivery Point Operators shall have the ability to determine the imbalance level by an alternate method ("alternate imbalance level determination"), subject to the following:

If Northern is transporting gas to a Point(s) of Delivery which is within an Operational Zone and, billing of the last-through-the-meter methodology as described in Section 30 of the GENERAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS of this Tariff is employed, then the Delivery Point Operator's imbalance level shall be determined by dividing the operator's monthly volumetric imbalance by all volumes delivered to the point for the month that are subject to the last through-the-meter methodology, assuming prior to the beginning of any month Northern has been provided the legal entity(s) delivering to the Delivery Point Operator's Operational Zone for the month and that such volumes, for purposes of imbalance level determination, are to be used by the Delivery Point Operator. This alternate imbalance level determination will be used only when the Delivery Point Operator's monthly imbalance level exceeds 3%.

E. Applicability of MIPs

- (i) To determine the Dollar Valuation of a Shipper's Volumetric Imbalance, the following factors are applicable:
 - (a) For Volumetric Imbalances where the Shipper's monthly deliveries exceed the Shipper's monthly receipts (Shipper owes Northern), the Dollar Valuation is calculated by multiplying the monthly Volumetric Imbalance by the "Due Northern" High Market Area or High Field Area MIP, as tiered for the Shipper's imbalance level.
 - (b) For Volumetric Imbalances where the Shipper's monthly receipts exceed the Shipper's monthly deliveries (Northern owes Shipper), the Dollar Valuation is calculated by multiplying the monthly Volumetric Imbalance by the "Due Shipper" Low Market Area or Low Field Area MIP, as tiered for the Shipper's imbalance level.
 - (c) For Volumetric Imbalances created at Northern's request for operational reasons, the Dollar Valuation is calculated by multiplying the Average Market Area or Average Field Area MIP by the Volumetric Imbalance for the applicable month.